University of West Bohemia



OF WEST BOHEMIA

Polar
 1948 – Founded School of Education
 1949 – Founded School of Mechanical and Electrical Engineering
 1991 – Founded University of West Bohemia
 UWB – 9 Faculties; 2 Institutes
 - ≈ 13.000 students
 - ≈ 2.000 employees

Located in Pilsen:
✓ Industry driven region
✓ Long technical tradition

✓ 80 km to the border
✓ 80 km to Prague





	No of students
Faculty of Applied Sciences	1 473
Faculty of Economics	1 631
Faculty of Electrical Engineering	1 545
Faculty of Education	2 229
Faculty of Law	1 255
Faculty of Mechanical Engineering	1 377
Faculty of Philosophy and Arts	2 210
Faculty of Health Care Studies	770
Faulty of Art and Design	628
* New Technologies - Research Centre	
* Institute of Applied Language Studies	

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NTC - New Technologies Research Centre

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NTIS – New Technologies for Information Society

RTI – Regional Technological Institute

RICE – Regional Innovation Centre for Electrical Engineering



NTC New Technologies Research Centre

Materials technologies
 Laser technologies
 Strength analyses
 Convection of heat and heat transfer
 Human body modelling and monitoring
 Human Cognitive Enhancement

NTIS New Technologies for Information Society

Development of cybernetic control systems, identification, intelligent decision-making and communication systems

- Advanced computer and information systems
- Research and modelling of heterogeneous materials and mechanical and biomechanical structures
- Novel nanostructured thin-film materials prepared using plasma processing
- Qualitative and quantitative investigation of mathematical models



RICE – Regional Innovation Centre for Electrical Engineering

- Intelligent industrial systems
- New traction concepts and advanced technologies for traffic vehicles
- Material research
- Energetics and industrial systems
- Testing and diagnostics



Research and development of the modern vehical contruction and design icluded traction systems
 R&D of processing machines
 R&D of forming technologies
 R&D of machining technologies

 Traction Vehicles Competence Center
 Machinery Processing Technics Competence Center



Agreements 11 countries (24 partner universities)

Extensive experience with research projects:

 Czech Rep: Grant Agency, Ministry of Culture, Ministry of Education, Ministry of Industry and Trade, Ministry of Health Ministry of Foreigh Affairs, Technology Agency ...
 6. FP, 7. FP, COST, ESA, Jean Monet, Czech-Norwegian Research Programme, Visegrad Fund,



- Injury analysis for external impact (traffic accidents)
- Muscle stress/strain analysis
- In-house FE solver http://sfepy.org
 for modelling strongly heterogeneous
 materials (BSD license)
- Clinical applications(stress/strain analysis during delivery)
- Electronic systems for biometric data measuring, transfer and analysis



- Cooperation: national and foreign universities, university hospitals
- FP6 and FP7 projects, national projects
- References: CEESAR France, ESI Group, TRW Germany

Czech leading research center on infrared and laser technologies

Industrial laser technologies for materials processing
 Active infrared technologies for process and material analyses
 Measurement of optical properties of materials



Educational Projects cooperation possibilities

Partners: educational institutions, universities, research institutes

Scope of cooperation:

practical and theoretical presentations preparation on capabilities of infrared and laser technologies, translations into Czech and German language, live demonstrations in application labs for Czech and Bavarian companies or students, workshops in Czech Rep. and Bavaria ...



Research and development projects cooperation Partners: universities, research institutes, SMEs

Scope of cooperation:

- practical demonstration of laser and technologies, processing infrared Of material prototypes, analyses. technical/economical analyses providing tasks, definition of test workpieces, analyses of processed parts,
- competitive technologies for comparison
 Both joint publications, presentations,
 - workshops, ...



TECHNOLOGICAL SYSTEM FOR PROTECTION OF CUTTING FLUID

Description of technology:

- Our newly-developed technology is based on using photocatalysis to generate a reactive form of oxygen with antimicrobial effects which eliminate undesirable microorganisms.
- We remove the need for cutting fluid additives based on bacterial cultures or bactericides which have undesirable risks and side-effects.

Innovative advantages:

- Functional works over a wide range on all types of bacteria, yeasts and moulds.
- **Economic** extended operational stability of cutting fluid, material savings.
- **Health** Operation of machines without biocides. The additive has no undesirable toxic or allergenic effects, minimizes negative health risks to the machine operators.
- Ecological cutting fluid contains no toxic antimicrobial additives meaning no biocides in waste water and soil, and eliminates risks during filtration, cleaning and disposal of cutting fluid.
- Regulatory Compliance elimination of toxicological risks, meets the most stringent safety regulations.



Photoinitiation system



Microbial tests illustrating the efficiency of destruction of microorganisms in cutting fluid. 1. Contaminated cutting fluid; 2. Fluid after 6 hours; 3. Fluid after 24 hours



INNOVATIVE INTERNAL HIGH PRESSURE FORMING

Description of technology:

- Our innovation, offering the potential for manufacturing complex-shaped structural parts with enhanced properties, opens new opportunities in the field of processing hollow stock.
- We can deliver excellent ultimate strengths exceeding 2000 MPa at a sufficient elongation level of 10 %. When combined with an unconventional forming method, it allows the production of complex-shaped parts with outstanding mechanical properties.

Innovative advantages:

- Advanced steels achieving strength limit. Reduced cost of heat treatment as the final hardening operation can be omitted.
- Weight reduction (Results in lightweight steel components such as hollow shafts)
 Demonstration on automotive shafts:
 - Our tests show that hollow shafts with their substantially reduced mass can transmit torques equal to those sustained by solid shafts.





Hardness in the axial direction can be influenced by the wall thickness and the cooling rate.



THANK YOU

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