

Introducing the Lewis Model and CultureActive

a web-based learning resource

Cultural behavior is the end product of collected wisdom, filtered and passed down through hundreds of generations as shared core beliefs, values, assumptions, notions, and persistent action patterns.



Culture is a collective programming of the mind that distinguishes the members of one human group from another.



Introduction

What is Culture?

The Layers of
Culture

Cross-cultural
Misunderstanding

The Lewis Model

Putting the Model
into Practice

The Iceberg of Culture

Behaviors

social norms

rituals and taboos

Use of Space and Time

interpersonal distance

silence

eye contact

Arts

Fashion

Food

Mass Media

Communication Patterns

speech styles

non-verbal communication

listening habits

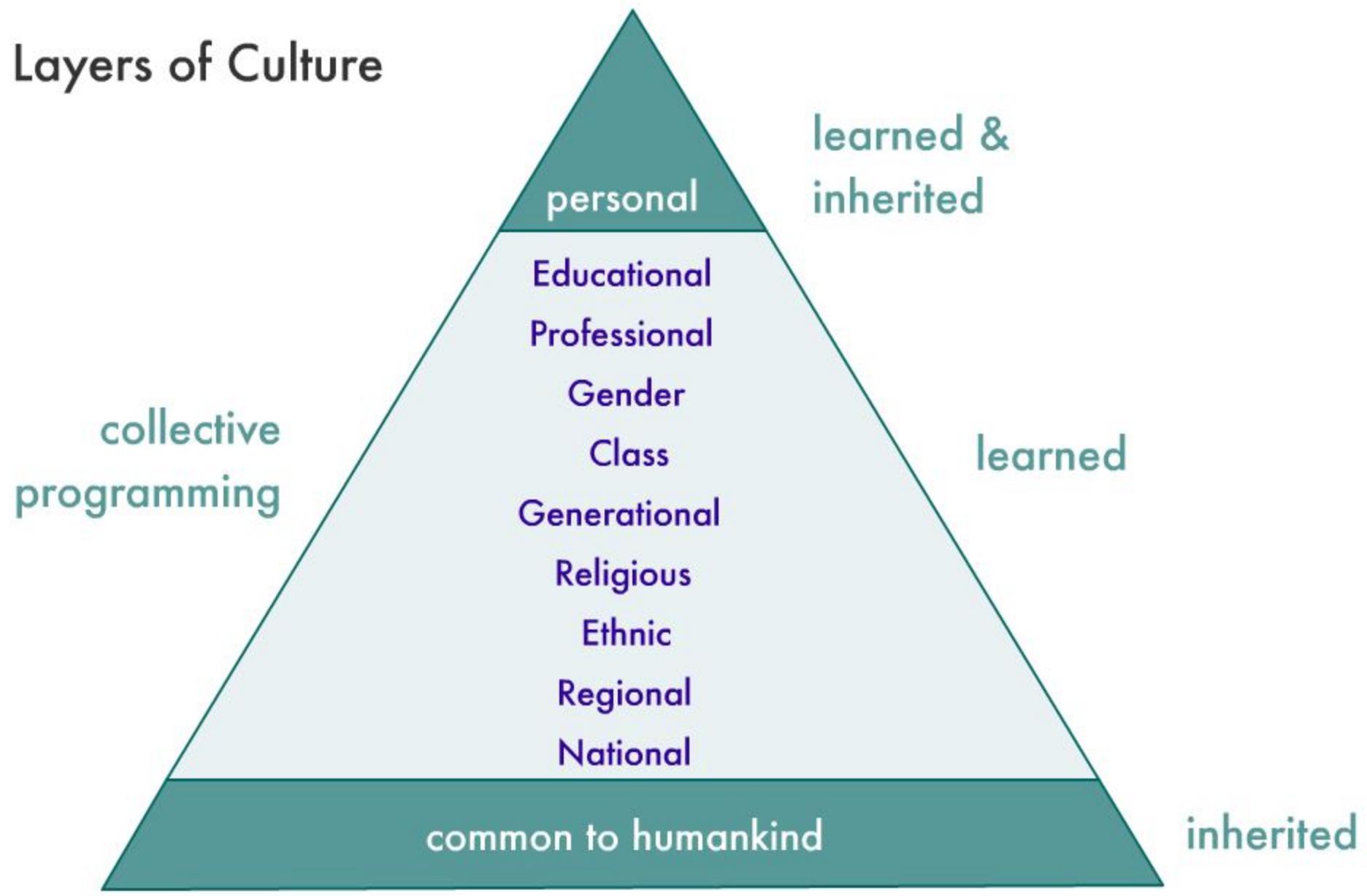
audience expectations

Values

national characteristics

attitudes and world views

The Layers of Culture

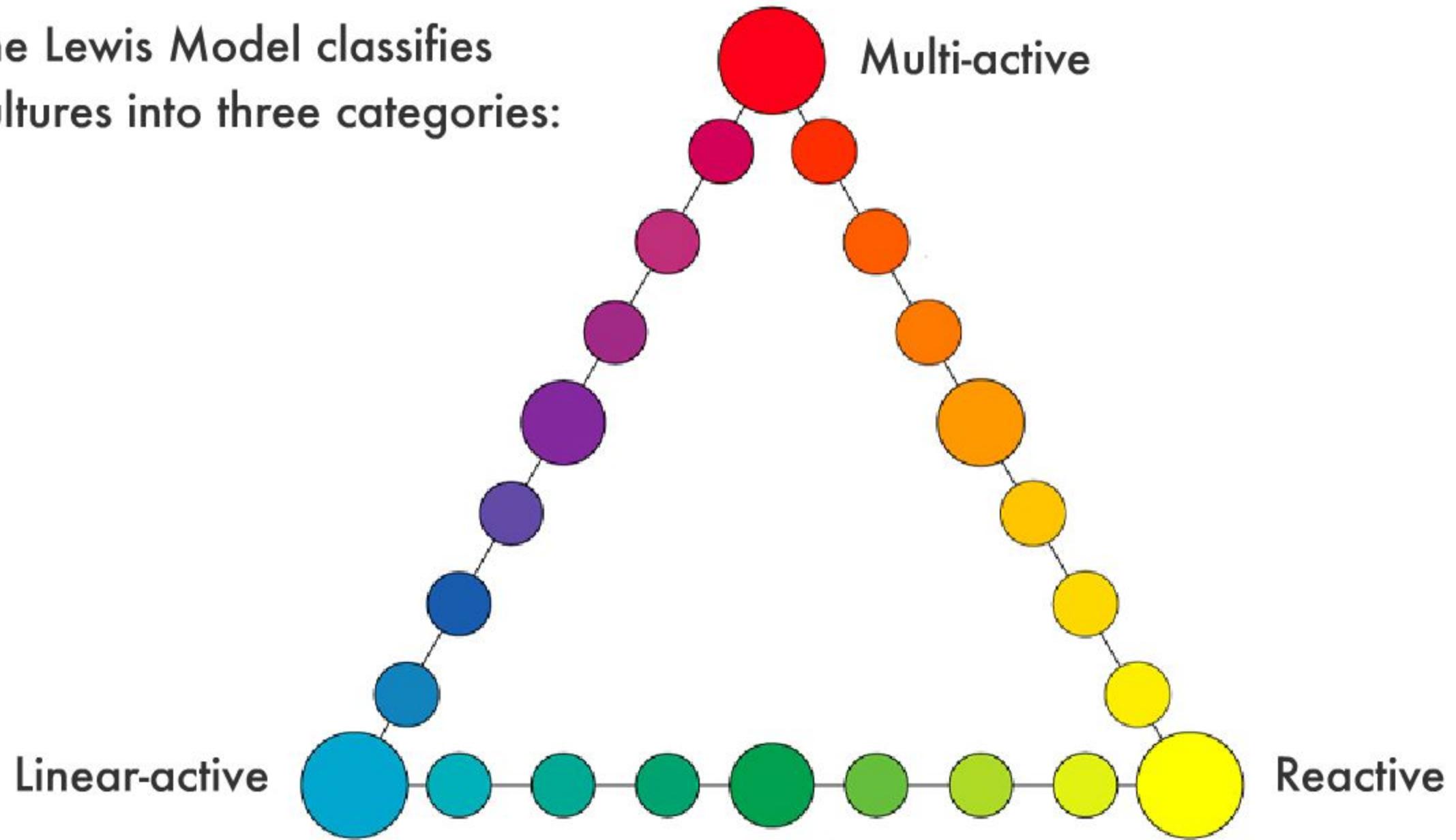


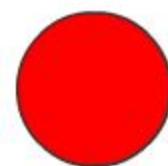
Areas of Cross-cultural Misunderstanding

- **Values**
 - core beliefs
 - national characteristics
 - attitudes and world view
- **Communication Patterns**
 - speech styles
 - listening habits
- **Concept of Space**
- **Concept of Time**



The Lewis Model classifies cultures into three categories:





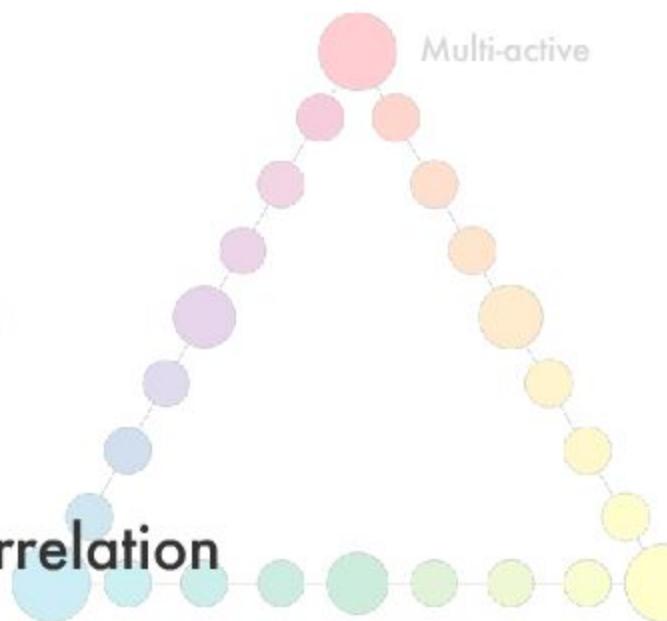
Multi-active chief characteristics:





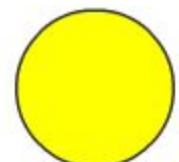
Linear-active chief characteristics:

- Facts
 Planning
 Products
 Time-lines
 Word-deed Correlation
 Institutions
 Law
- Core Values & Beliefs*



- Talks half the time
 Does one thing at a time
 Plans ahead step by step
 Polite but direct
 Partly conceals feelings
 Confronts with logic
 Dislikes losing face
 Rarely interrupts
 Job-oriented
 Sticks to facts
 Truth before diplomacy
- Skills & Abilities*

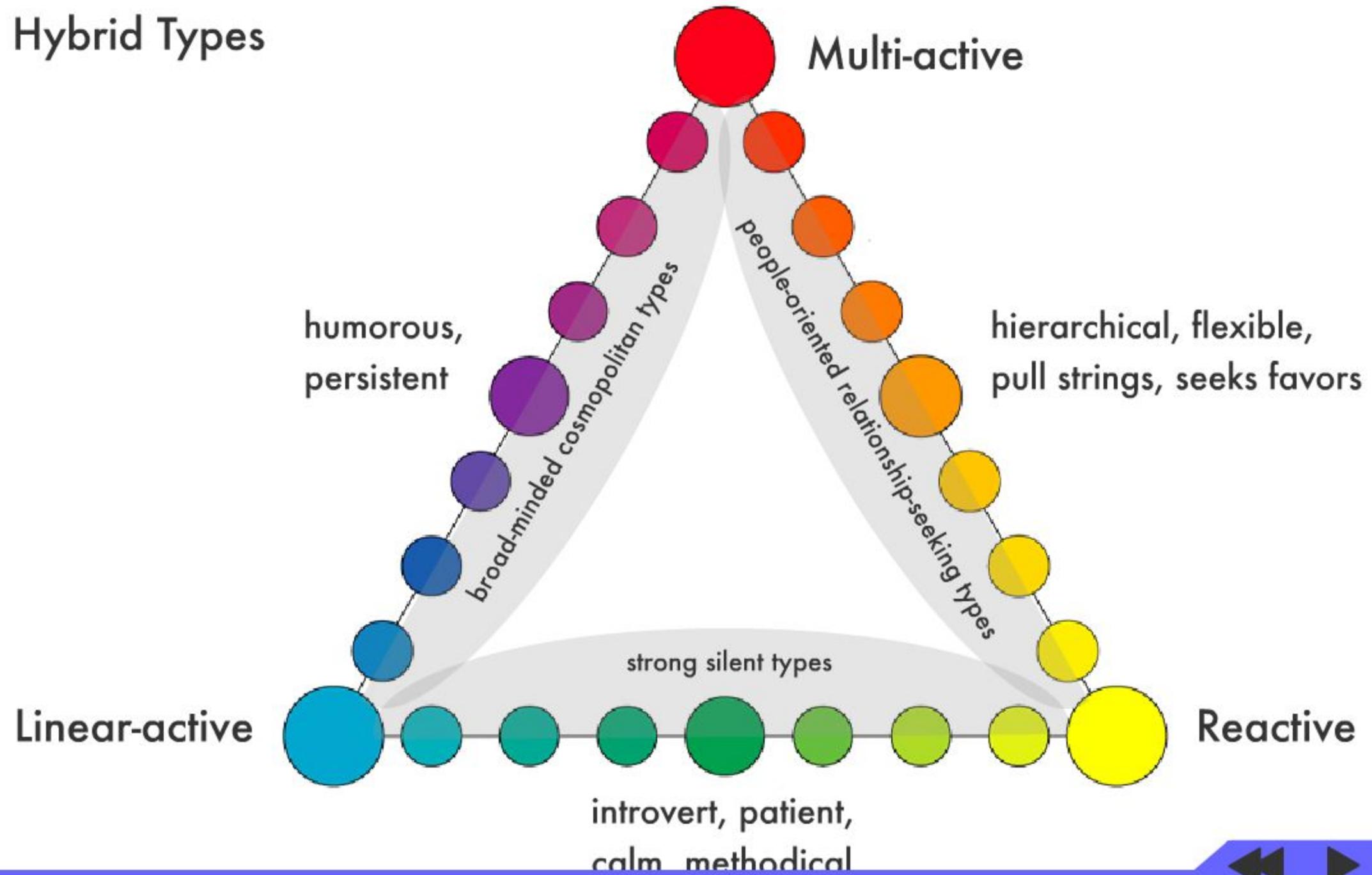




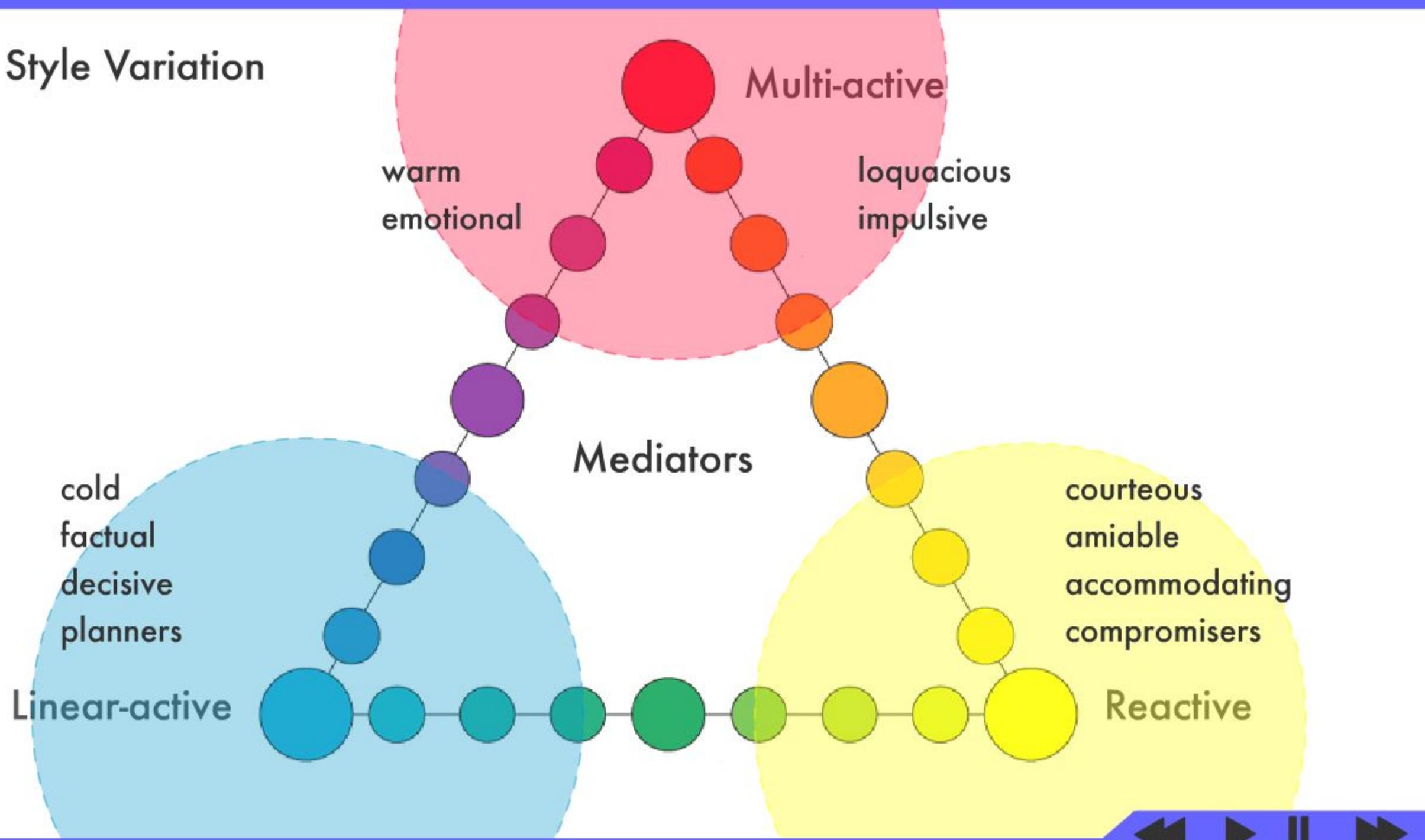
Reactive chief characteristics:



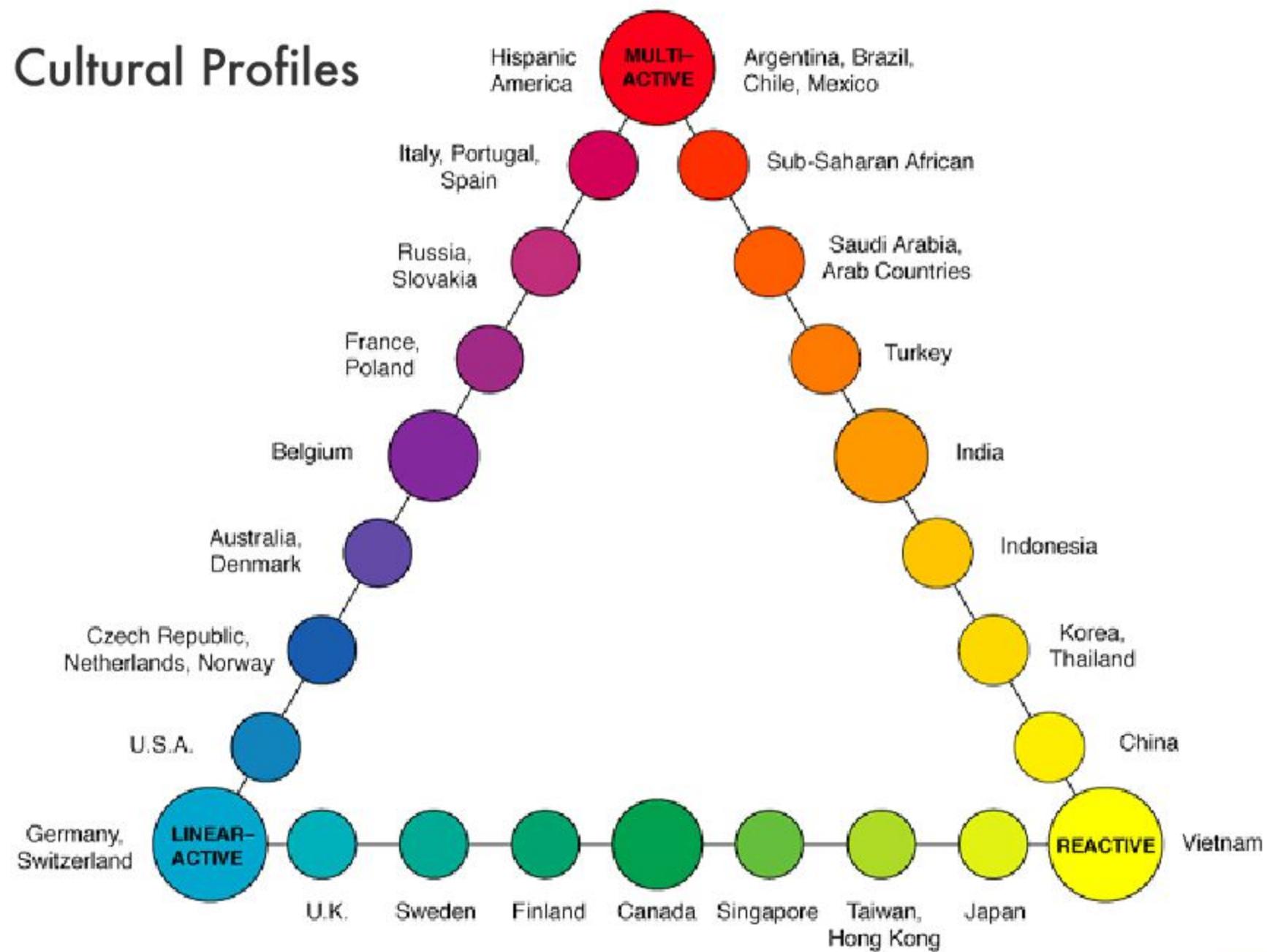
Hybrid Types



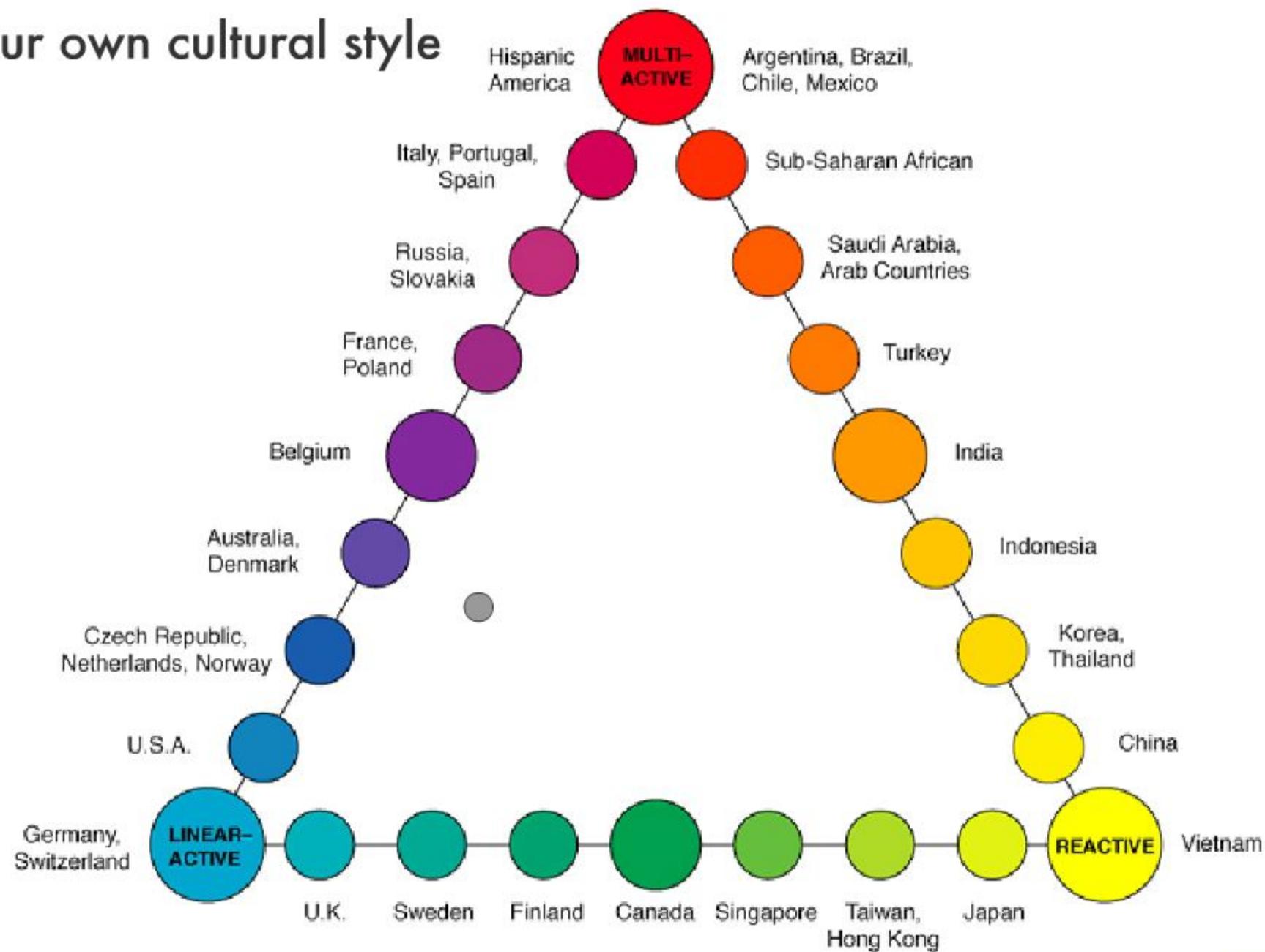
Style Variation



National Cultural Profiles



Find out your own cultural style



Then compare your style with those of your colleagues

